

NATIONAL ORGANIZATION
SONS OF UNION VETERANS OF THE CIVIL WAR
CIVIL WAR MEMORIAL ASSESSMENT FORM

Type of Memorial (check all applicable)

___ Monument ___ with Sculpture ___ without Sculpture ___ with Cannon ___ standalone Cannon
 Historical Marker ___ Plaque ___ Other (flag pole, G.A.R. buildings, stained glass windows, etc.)

Note: try to record items separately. Cannons near monuments should be recorded & photographed separately, etc. Thank you.

Affiliation

___ GAR ___ MOLLUS ___ SUVCW ___ WRC ___ ASUVCW
___ LGAR ___ DUVCW Other

If known, record name and number of post, camp, corps, auxiliary, tent, circle or appropriate information of other groups:

Kentucky Heartlands Civil War Trails Commission. (Marker Number 4a.) as part of the John Hunt Morgan Heritage Trail

Original Dedication Date Pre-2006

Please consult any/all newspaper archives for a local paper's article that would have information on the first dedication ceremony and/or other facts on the memorial. Please submit a copy of your findings with full identification of the paper & date of publication. Thank you.

Location

NW Corner Mammouth Cave St & N 1st St

The Memorial is currently located at:

Street/Road address or site location _____
GPS Coordinates N37°8'19.730" W85°57'33.73999"

City/Village &/or Township Cave City

County Barren State MO Zip Code 42127

The front of the Memorial faces: ___ North ___ South ___ East ___ West

Government Body, Agency, or Individual Owner

Name Kentucky Heartlands Civil War Trails Commission (if they still exist)

Dept./Div. _____

Street Address _____

City _____ State KY Zip Code _____

Contact Person _____ Telephone () _____ ext _____

Is Memorial on the National Register of Historic Places ___ Yes No ID # if known _____

Empty rectangular box for ID # if known.

For Monuments with/without sculpture:

Physical Details

Material of Monument or base under a Sculpture or Cannon = ___ Stone ___ Concrete ___ Metal ___ Other

If known, name specific material (color of granite, marble, etc.) _____

Material of the Sculpture ___ Stone ___ Concrete ___ Metal ___ Other Is it hollow or solid? _____

If known, name specific material (color of granite, marble, etc.) _____

For Historic Marker or Plaque: Metal/Aluminum Base with Copolymer Sign

Material of Plaque or Historical Marker / Tablet = _____

For Cannons with/without monument:

Material of Cannon = _____ Bronze _____ Iron Type of Cannon (if known) _____

Rifled _____ Yes _____ No

Markings: Muzzle _____ Base Ring/Breech _____

Left Trunion _____ Right Trunion _____

Is inert ammunition a part of the Memorial? _____ Yes _____ No

[For camp/department monuments officer's use: Cannon on list of known ordnance] _____ Yes _____ No

For Other Memorials: (flag pole, G.A.R. buildings, stained glass windows, etc.)

What best describes the memorial

Materials of the Memorial

Complete for All Memorials

Approximate Dimensions (indicate unit of measure) - taken from tallest / widest points

3 1/2 feet Height 3 feet Width 2 inch Depth or _____ Diameter

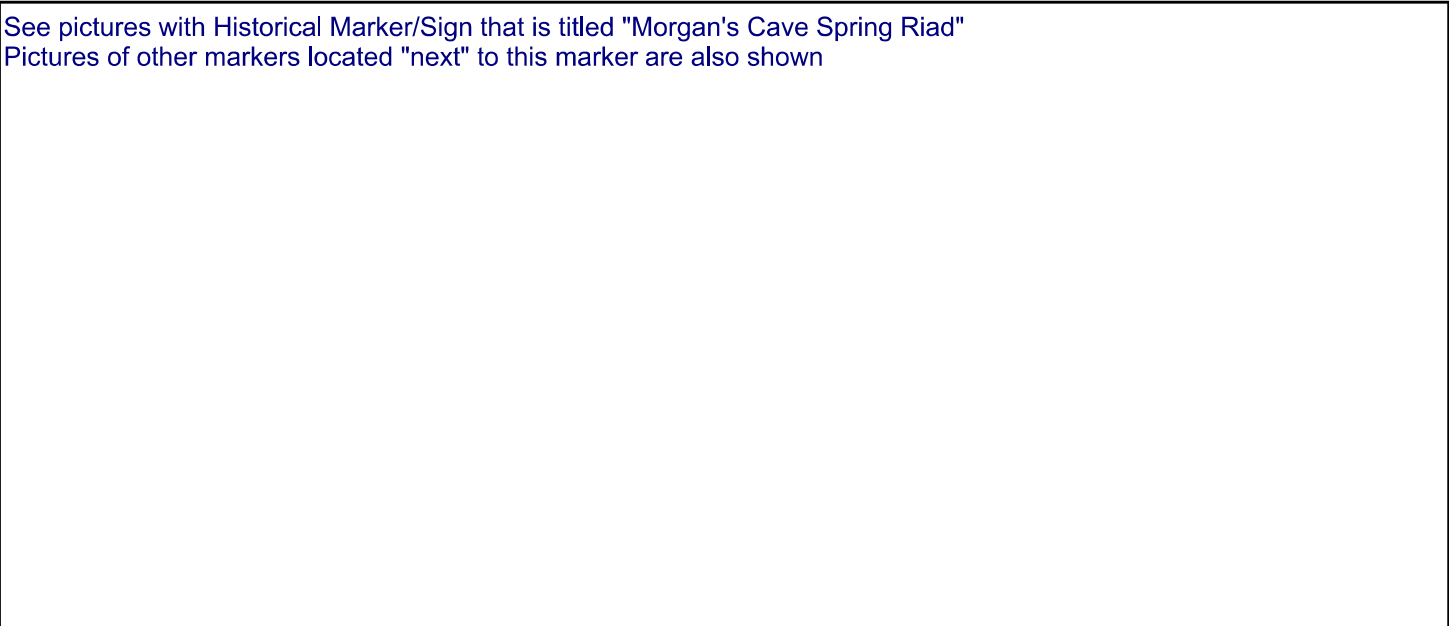
For Memorials with multiple Sculptures, please record this information on a separate sheet of paper for each statue (service, pose, etc) and attach to this form. Please describe the "pose" of each statue and any weapons/implements involved (in case your photos become separated from this form). Thank you!

Markings/Inscriptions (on stone-work / metal-work of monument, base, sculpture)

Maker or Fabricator mark / name? If so, give name & location found

Please attach legible photographs of all text &/or Record the text in the space below. Please use the addendum – narrative sheet if necessary.

See pictures with Historical Marker/Sign that is titled "Morgan's Cave Spring Riad"
Pictures of other markers located "next" to this marker are also shown



Environmental Setting

(The general vicinity and immediate locale surrounding a memorial can play a major role in its overall condition.)

Type of Location

Cemetery Park Plaza/Courtyard "Town Square" Post Office
 School Municipal Building State Capitol Courthouse College Campus
 Traffic Circle Library Other: _____

General Vicinity

Rural (low population, open land) Suburban (residential, near city) Town Urban / Metropolitan

Immediate Locale (check as many as may apply)

Industrial Commercial Street/Roadside within 20 feet Tree Covered (overhanging branches)
 Protected from the elements (canopy or enclosure, indoors) Protected from the public (fence or other barrier)

Any other significant environmental factor All signs could use cleaning, probably due to being so close to roadside

[To detail the condition of a monument used the addendum form for *Monument's Condition*]

Submission of this form requires at least one type of identification so that you may be contacted regarding the information on this form. This information will most likely be in the public domain. Your name is required; please include one (or more) pieces of contact information.

1. If a member of an Allied Order, the name of your camp, auxiliary, tent, circle or corps; along with your department;
2. Physical Address;
3. Phone Number
4. E-Mail address.

By submitting this, you are allowing the posting of this information on the internet.

Inspector Identification _____ Date of On-site Survey 07/24/2024
 Your Name Walt Busch, PDC
 Address 1240 Konert Valley Dr
 City Fenton State MO Zip Code 63026
 Telephone () _____ E-Mail cwmemorials@sucvw.org or wbusch@sucwmo.org

Are you a member of the Allied Orders of the G.A.R.? If so, which one?
General Ulysses S Grant Camp 68, MO-SUVCW. Past Commander - Central Region Allied Orders of the GAR

Supplemental Background Information

In addition to your on-site survey, any additional information you can provide on the described Memorial will be welcomed. Please label each account with its source (author, title, publisher, date, pages). Topics include any reference to the points listed on this questionnaire, plus any previous conservation treatments - or efforts to raise money for treatment. Photographs & GPS Co-ordinates are very much desired.

Pages 4 & 5 attached to this electronic file are the Monument's Condition and the Narrative forms. Only the Monument's Condition form is required if you are requesting grant money using form CWM-62 *SUVCW Memorial Grant Application Form and Instructions*.

**Please mail (or e-mail pdf, and picture files) to:
Walt Busch, PDC, Chair, 1240 Konert Valley Dr., Fenton, MO 63026, cwmemorials@sucvw.org**

Thank you for your help, and attention to detail.

Sons of Union Veterans of the Civil War - Civil War Memorials Committee.

N37°8'19.730" W85°57'33.73999"
or N37.13880196559502,
W-85.95936568247849
NW Corner Mammoth Cave St & N 1st St,
Cave City KY 42127 (SE of Railroad
Tracks)
Taken W.Busch 24 July 2024



CAVE CITY RAID

CSA General John Hunt Morgan and a company of troops arrived here, May 11, 1862. They seized a train reported to be carrying some of Morgan's men captured at Lebanon, Tenn. Instead, it carried railroad employees whom he released. Morgan burned the train; later detained a second one carrying passengers. Among them were two officers of the command of Col. Frank Wolford, USA.

THE KENTUCKY HISTORICAL SOCIETY KENTUCKY DEPARTMENT OF TOURISM



N 1st St



MORGAN'S CAVE CITY RAID

May 11-12, 1862

On May 11, 1862, General John Hunt Morgan and his advance guard seized the Cave City depot and captured the first train that stopped. Although the depot was a small structure, it had four freight cars and seven passenger cars. Morgan's men searched the freight cars for supplies and found a large quantity of clothing, shoes, and hats. Morgan's men also searched the passenger cars and found a large quantity of clothing, shoes, and hats. Morgan's men also searched the passenger cars and found a large quantity of clothing, shoes, and hats.

The next day at noon, guards north of Cave City heard a passenger train approaching, stopped at Nashville from Louisville. Morgan's men blocked the tracks, stopping the train while other troops hunted for supplies. Morgan's men searched the train and found a large quantity of clothing, shoes, and hats. Morgan's men also searched the passenger cars and found a large quantity of clothing, shoes, and hats.



General John Hunt Morgan
The general who led the raid on Cave City. He was a Confederate general and a cavalry officer. He was known for his daring raids and was a prominent figure in the Confederate army.



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The Morgan-Edwards Foundation is a non-profit organization dedicated to the preservation and interpretation of the Cave City site. The foundation was established in 1962 and has since been instrumental in the development of the site as a historical park. The foundation's efforts have resulted in the construction of the visitor center, the restoration of the depot, and the creation of the Morgan-Edwards Foundation Museum. The foundation also sponsors a variety of educational programs and events, including lectures, tours, and reenactments. For more information, please visit our website at www.morgan-edwards.org.

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MORGAN'S CAVE CITY RAID

May 11-12, 1862

On May 11, 1862, **Col. John Hunt Morgan and his advance guard** seized the Cave City depot and captured the next train that stopped. Morgan's entire command arrived shortly thereafter. Morgan's troops proceeded to destroy the train: four passenger cars, a locomotive, and forty-five freight cars. The firebox was then pulled over, wood and iron fire the Confederates then fired each car and soon the train raked down the tracks toward Bowling Green. Morgan remembered "It was a grand sight, that burning train going at head long speed to destruction." For weeks passengers going through Cave City gazed in amazement at the scene where the locomotive had exploded. For a hundred yards on both sides of the tracks, the underbrush and grass were burned, trees were torn out by the roots, and wreckage was scattered on the ground.

The next day at noon, guards north of Cave City heard a passenger train approaching, bound for Nashville from Louisville. Morgan's men blocked the tracks, stopping the train while other troops threw logs on the tracks behind the train, preventing a reverse run. Morgan confiscated \$6,000 in cash from the express agent and captured two Union officers and several enlisted men. He then allowed the train to return to Louisville safely. Stories of the Cave City Raid and its success took on the trappings of a romantic saga of chivalry due to the way in which Morgan treated the train's female passengers. "I have no right to look into ladies' baggage, or to examine their trunks. Southern gentlemen do not such thing Morgan is reported as saying.



Morgan wrecked the train and looted another at the Cave City.



Gen. George W. Morgan
After Morgan's Cave City Raid, Union Gen. George W. Morgan deployed infantry to guard trains and railroads in Central Kentucky. (George W. Campbell, *War of the Rebels*, 1911)



Photo courtesy of the Kentucky Historical Society

Col. John Hunt Morgan

After Morgan's success in Lexington, he set out on a brief raid into Kentucky to the Green River country, where he looted his military stores. He found Bowling Green was well guarded, so he only went to Cave City.

JOHN HUNT MORGAN



This is just one of many sites along the John Hunt Morgan Trail structure, highlighting the expedition and its impact on the transportation center of the state.



GEN. JOSEPH H. LEWIS

1824 - 1904

Brigadier General, commanded famous "Orphan Brigade" in Civil War. In 1861 he conducted recruiting and training camp here. State legislature, 1850-54, 69-70. US Congress, 1870-73. Member of Kentucky Court of Appeals for 24 years, 1874-98. Its chief justice six years. Born in Barren County, he is buried in Glasgow Cemetery.

1970 KENTUCKY HISTORICAL SOCIETY KENTUCKY DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS 1937

CAVE CITY RAID

CSA General John Hunt Morgan and his men captured a Union train at Cave City in 1862. They seized a train of supplies and captured 1,000 Union soldiers. It carried railroad iron to the north. The train was destroyed by Union soldiers at Wolford, USA.





CAVE CITY RAID

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GEN. JOSEPH H. LEWIS
1824-1904
Confederate Brigadier General
commanded James' Cavalry Brigade
in Civil War. In 1861 he conducted
recruting and training camp here.
State Insurgency, 1859-62.
US Cavalry, 1870-1872. 69-2nd
Kent. Inf. 1872-1874. Member of
Kent. State of Affairs for 24
years. Justice of Peace
for 10 years.

1974

KENTUCKY HISTORICAL SOCIETY KENTUCKY DEPARTMENT OF TOURISM





CAVE CITY RAID

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1974

KENTUCKY HISTORICAL SOCIETY KENTUCKY DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS

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CAVE CITY RAID

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KENTUCKY HISTORICAL SOCIETY KENTUCKY DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS 1869



George W. Morgan
After Morgan's defeat in
Lebanon, Tennessee, he led his
troops to Cave City, Tennessee,
where they were surrounded by
Union forces. Morgan's men
were released, and he was
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Col. John Hunt Morgan
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N 1st St





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GENERAL JOSEPH H. LEWIS



General Joseph H. Lewis, a prominent military leader, is depicted in this portrait. He played a significant role in the Cave City Raid, a pivotal event in the American Civil War. The text on the marker provides a detailed account of his actions and the impact of the raid on the local community and the war effort.

The Cave City Raid, led by General John Hunt Morgan, was a major Confederate success in the Western Theater of the American Civil War. On May 11, 1862, Morgan's forces captured a Union train at Cave City, Tennessee. The train was carrying a large number of Union soldiers, including two officers from the command of Col. Frank Wolford. Morgan's troops released the railroad employees and burned the train, a significant blow to the Union's military logistics.

General Joseph H. Lewis, a prominent military leader, is depicted in this portrait. He played a significant role in the Cave City Raid, a pivotal event in the American Civil War. The text on the marker provides a detailed account of his actions and the impact of the raid on the local community and the war effort.



GENERAL JOSEPH H. LEWIS



General Joseph H. Lewis, commander of the famous Orphan Brigade, established, at the outbreak of the Civil War, a recruitment and training camp here in Cave City. Here he formed the Confederate 6th Kentucky Infantry Regiment, for which he received a commission of Colonel in September 1861. His first battle was at Shiloh, where two horses were shot out from under him and another wounded. He subsequently led regiments at Stone's River, Murfreesboro and the Tullahoma Campaign. As a result of his gallantry and strong leadership Lewis, after the Battle of Chickamauga, was recommended for promotion by General Breckinridge. On September 30, 1863, Lewis was appointed Brigadier General and took command of the first Kentucky Brigade (Orphan Brigade). The famous Orphan Brigade, under Lewis' command, took part in many other campaigns, including Missionary Ridge and the Atlanta and Carolinas campaigns, and was credited with more victories than any other body of men in the entire Confederate Army.



Chief Justice Joseph H. Lewis, ca. 1895

Joseph H. Lewis was born in Glasgow, Kentucky, on October 24, 1824, and was educated at Centre College in Danville. He studied law and was admitted to the bar at age 21. After the war Lewis returned to Glasgow to practice law and continue his interest in politics. Having served Barren County, prior to the war, in the state legislature from 1850-1854, Lewis was again elected to the state legislature in 1869, and then, in 1870, to the United States Congress, where he served until 1873. In 1874 Lewis was elected to the Kentucky Court of Appeals, remaining there for 24 years, serving six years as Chief Justice of the highest court in the state. General Lewis died July 6, 1904. He is buried in Glasgow, Kentucky.

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