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NATIONAL ORGANIZATION SONS OF UNION VETERANS OF THE CIVIL WAR CIVIL WAR MEMORIAL ASSESSMENT FORM

Monument				with Cann	non / standalon	e Cannon
Historical Mark	witii Sculpture ker Plaque	Other (flag note G	with Carii A.R. buildings	non <u> √ </u> standalon∉ , stained glass windo	ows etc.)
Thotorioar Man	Noii laque		nag polo, o.	ara banango	, otaliloa glaco willat	, oto.,
Affiliation						
	MOLLUS	SUV	CW	WRC	ASUVCW	
LGAR	DUVCW	✓ Other				
If I			.:::		:-ftif	
City of White Hall	and number of post, of	camp, corps, au	xillary, tent, circ	eie or appropriate	information of other grou	ıps:
City of Write Hall						
	5 4 11 1					
Original Dedication	on Date Unknown	nation coromony	Please co	onsult any/all new	spaper archives for a loc orial. Please submit a cop	cal paper's article
with full identification of				icts on the memo	iriai. Flease subiriil a cop	by or your infairigs
Location						
The Memorial is	•					
Street/Road addr		on Whiteside C				
Corner of South Main St	& Ayres St		_ GPS Cod	ordinates <u> N39</u>	°26'09.641" W90°24	l'12.641" •
City/Village &/or	Township White Ha	ill				
County Greene			_ State <u>⊩</u>		Zip Code 62	2092
The front of the M	/lemorial faces: _	North	_ South	_ East V	Vest	
Government Bo Name City of White H		Individual (Owner			
Dept./Div.						
Street Address 1	16 E Sherman St					
			State Illino	S	Zip Code 62092	
Contact Person _						
Is Memorial on th	e National Regis	ster of Histor	ric Places _	Yes _ ✓ _l	No ID # if known	
						
For Monuments	with/without so	culpture:				
Physical Details						
					ete MetalOth	ner
If known, name spec	cific material (color c	of granite, mark	ole, etc.)			
				Other Is	it hollow or solid?	
If known name spec	rific material (color o	of granite mark	ole etc.)			

FORM CWM #61 Page	2
For Historic Marker or Plaque:	
Material of Plaque or Historical Marker / Tablet =	_
For Cannons with/without monument:	
Material of Cannon = Bronze✓_Iron Type of Cannon (if known) Woodruff Cannon RifledYES _✓_N	_
Markings: Muzzle None Base Ring/Breech US	_
Left Trunion None Right Trunion None Right Trunion None Right Trunion None None	_
[For camp/department monuments officer's use: Cannon on list of known ordnance] YesNo	
For Other Memorials: (flag pole, G.A.R. buildings, stained glass windows, etc.)	
What best describes the memorial Cannon on not original metal carriage	
Materials of the Memorial iron and other metal	
Complete for All Memorials	
Approximate Dimensions (indicate unit of measure) - taken from tallest / widest points	
4 feetHeight _5 ftWidth _5 ftDepth orDiameter	
For Memorials with multiple Sculptures, please record this information on a separate sheet of paper for each statue (service, pose, e and attach to this form. Please describe the "pose" of each statue and any weapons/implements involved (in case your photos beconseparated from this form). Thank you!	
Markings/Inscriptions (on stone-work / metal-work of monument, base, sculpture)	
Maker or Fabricator mark / name? If so, give name & location found James Woodruff, carriage maker ,Quincy , IL	
Please attach legible photographs of all text &/or Record the text in the space below. Please use the addendum – narrative sheet if necessary.	
Has "US" Stamped on it.	_

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(The general vicinity and immediate locale surrounding a memorial can play a major role in its overall condition.)	
Type of Location Cemetery	IS —
General Vicinity Rural (low population, open land) Suburban (residential, near city) Town Urban / Metropolitan	
Immediate Locale (check as many as may apply) Industrial✓ Commercial✓ Street/Roadside within 20 feet _✓ Tree Covered (overhanging branches✓ Protected from the elements (canopy or enclosure, indoors) Protected from the public (fence or other barries)	
Any other significant environmental factor	
[To detail the condition of a monument used the addendum form for Monument's Condition]	
Supplemental Background Information In addition to your on-site survey, any additional information you can provide on the described Memorial will be welcomed Please label each account with its source (author, title, publisher, date, pages). Topics include any reference to the polisted on this questionnaire, plus any previous conservation treatments - or efforts to raise money for treatment. Addendums attached to this electronic file are the <i>Monument's Condition</i> and the <i>Narrative</i> forms. Only the <i>Monument Condition</i> form is required if you are requesting grant money using form CWM-62 SUVCW Memorial Grant Application Form and Instructions. Thank you.	oints ent's
Inspector Identification Date of On-site Survey 08/14/2016 Your Name Walter Busch	
Address 1240 Konert Valley Dr	
City Fenton State MO Zip Code 63026 Telephone	
Are you a member of the Allied Orders of the G.A.R.? If so, which one? Sons of Union Veterans	
Please send this completed form to: Walt Busch, PDC, Chair 1240 Konert Valley Dr.	
Thank you for your help, and attention to detail.	

Sons of Union Veterans of the Civil War - Civil War Memorials Committee.

FORM CWM #61 ADDENDUM 1

SONS OF UNION VETERANS OF THE CIVIL WAR CIVIL WAR MEMORIAL ASSESSMENT FORM ADDENDUM – MONUMENT'S CONDITION

Completion of this form is required when requesting grant money using form CWM-62 SUVCW Memorial Grant Application Form and Instructions.

Condition Information

Structural Condition (check as many as may apply)

The following section applies to <u>Monuments with Sculpture</u>, and <u>Monuments without Sculpture</u> including the base for <u>Monuments with Cannon</u>. Instability in the sculpture and its base can be detected by a number of factors. Indicators may be obvious or subtle. Visually examine the sculpture and its base.

	Sculpture	Base
If hollow, is the internal support unstable/exposed?		
(Look for signs of exterior rust)		
Any evidence of structural instability?		
(Look for cracked joints, missing mortar or caulking or plant growth) Any broken or missing parts?		
(Look for elements (i.e., sword, musket, hands, arms, etc missing		
due to vandalism, fluctuating weather conditions, etc.)		
Any cracks, splits, breaks or holes?		
(Also look for signs of uneven stress & weakness in the material)		
Surface Appearance (check as many as may apply)		
Curiade Appearance (check as many as may appry)	Sculpture	Base
Black crusting	Coalplaio	2400
White crusting		
Etched, pitted, or otherwise corroded (on metal)		
Metallic staining (run-off from copper, iron, etc.)		
Organic growth (moss, algae, lichen or vines)		
Chalky or powdery stone		
Granular eroding of stone		
Spalling of stone (surface splitting off)		
Droppings (bird, animal, insect remains)		
Other (e.g., spray paint graffiti) - Please describe		
Does water collect in recessed areas of the Memorial?YesN	lo <u>√</u> Unable to tell	
Surface Coating		
Does there appear to be a costing? / Ves No Unable to	datarmina	
Does there appear to be a coating? Yes NoUnable to If known, identify type of coating.	determine	
Gilded _ ✓ Painted Varnished Waxed Unab	ale to determine	
Is the coating in good condition?Yes _/_ No Unable to determine	ole to determine	
13 the coating in good condition:1c3140 onable to determine	,	
Basic Surface Condition Assessment (check one)		
In your opinion, what is the general appearance or condition of the Memor	rial?	
Well maintained Would benefit from treatment ✓ In urgent		nable to determine
		
Briefly describe the Memorial (affiliation / overall condition & any concern	not already touched on).	
Pitting and other issues related to the elements present. Should be removed and placed indoors that it is treated this way.	or at least under canopy. For sucl	n a rare cannon, it is a shame
Walt Busch	. 08/14/2016	
Inspector's Name Walt Busch Da	ate	

ADDENDUM 2 PAGE 5 OF ____

FORM CWM #61

SONS OF UNION VETERANS OF THE CIVIL WAR CIVIL WAR MEMORIAL ASSESSMENT FORM ADDENDUM - NARRATIVE

[Generally used to record the text of monuments, but may be used for any other useful information, such as if the monument has been moved or if you have information about the day of dedication. May repeat use of page as often as necessary.]

The Memorial is <i>currently</i> located at: Street/Road address or site location_Whites	ide Clty Park				
Corner of South Main St & Ayres St	GPS Coordinates N39°26'09.641" W90°24'12.641"				
City/Village and/or Township White Hall					
County Greene	State_L	Zip Code 62092			
TEXT					
In addition to the one in White Hall, th Woodruffs are held in a museum at the United Iowa, while another is at Golden Hill State Park	States Military Academy. T				
See attached story					

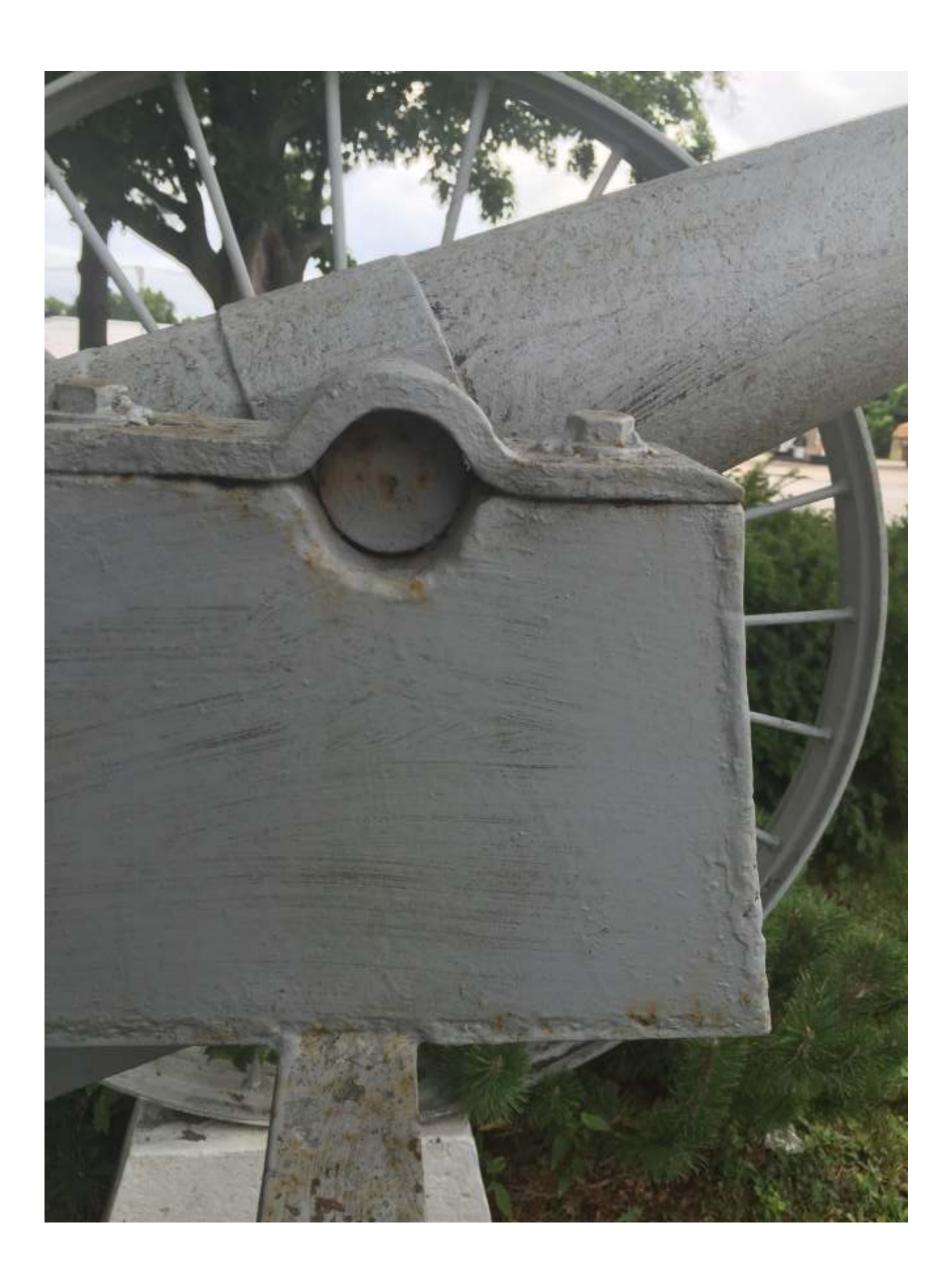








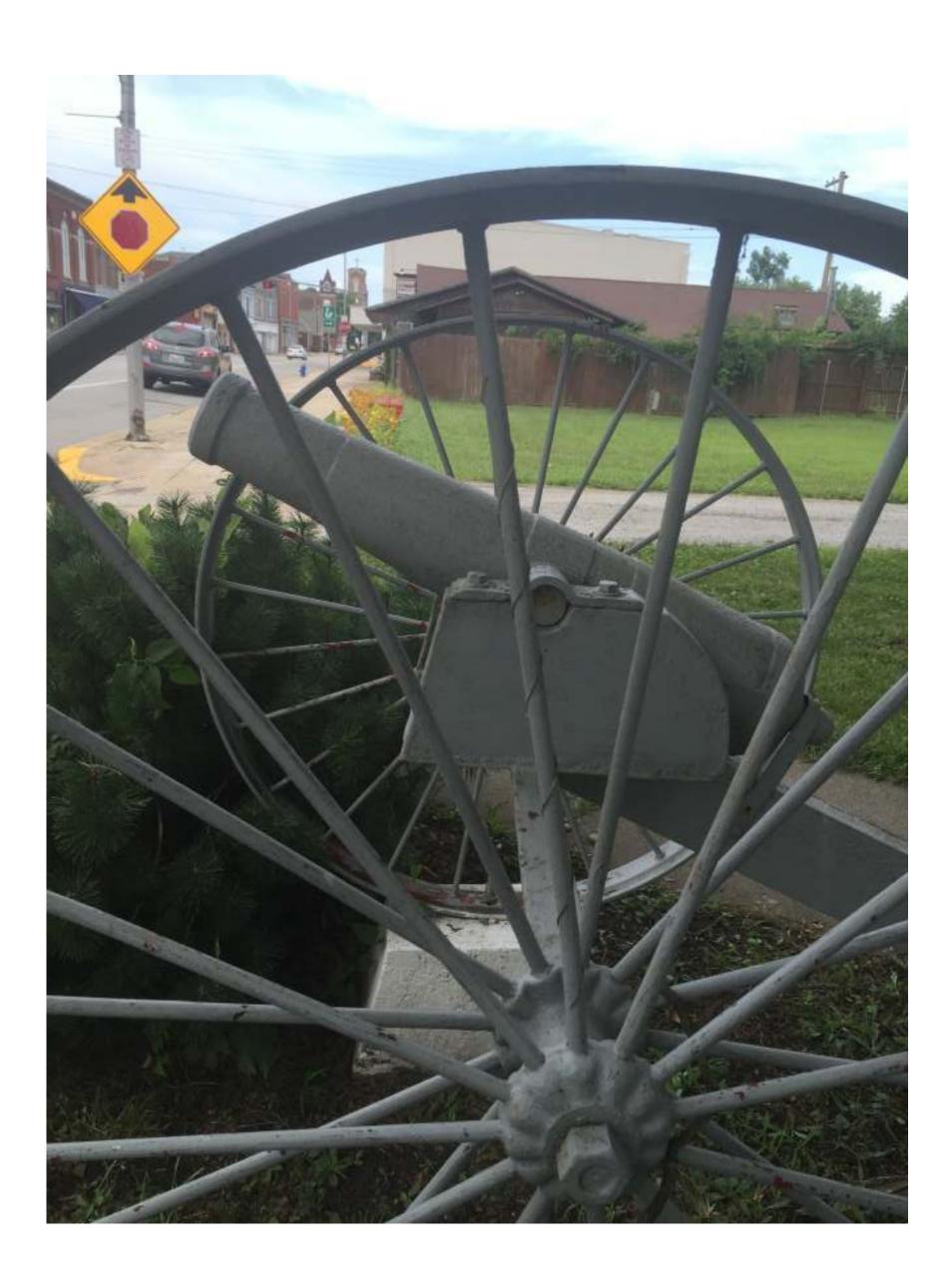


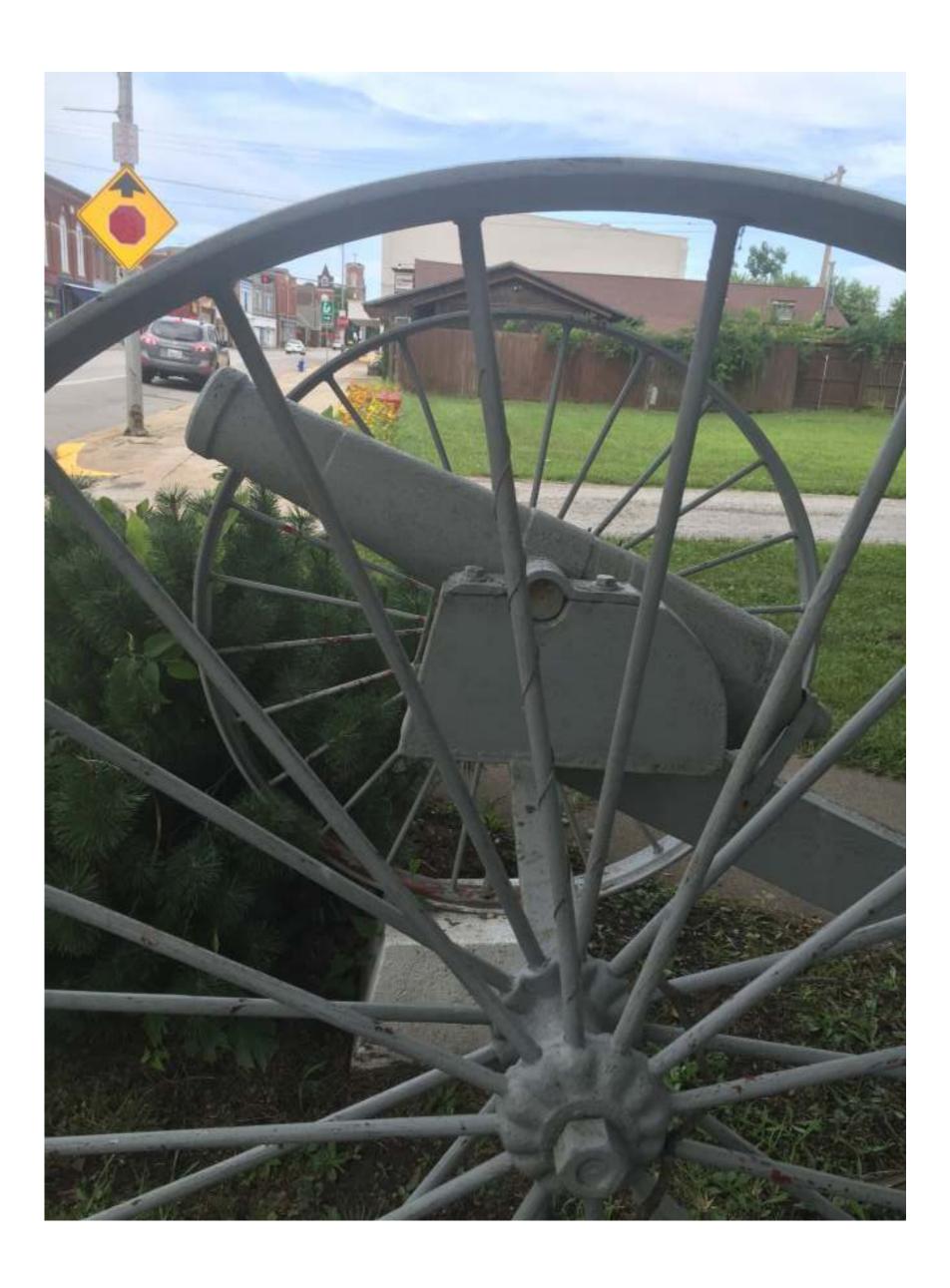


















Posted on January 25, 2016 by Jacksonville Journal Courier White Hall hosts oddity of Civil War history By Tom Emery - For the Journal-Courier

WHITE HALL — Standing guard in downtown White Hall is a Civil War cannon, a fixture in the community for decades. Though the gun has obvious historic and aesthetic value today, it was a sort of an oddity when it was produced in the 1860s.

The piece is a Woodruff gun, the creation of James Woodruff, a carriage maker from Quincy who devised a plan for a small artillery piece for cavalry and infantry that could be built in that city. Born in 1821 in Connecticut, Woodruff converted his business interests to the production of knapsacks, haversacks and ambulances for military issue early in the Civil War.

Woodruff was appointed assistant provost marshal for the Quincy Congressional District in 1862, and later promoted to provost marshal. But he was purely an interested citizen – and capitalist – when he proposed production of a "light cannon, known in the west as a "Woodruff gun" to the Army Ordnance Department on Oct. 6, 1861. The Army denied the proposal.

Undaunted, Woodruff called upon his friendship with Illinois Gov. Richard Yates, and used some shrewd tactics, pointing to small arms in St. Louis and Connecticut and urging that a "flying artillery" unit be stocked both with the small arms and Woodruff guns. Yates recommended an audience with Abraham Lincoln, and Woodruff traveled to the capital, only to be denied again by commanding general Winfield Scott.

The persistent Woodruff went back to the White House and secured a note from Lincoln to the Ordnance Department, which, this time, was more receptive. With help from Yates and Sen. Orville Browning of Quincy, Woodruff managed to pressure both Lincoln and the ordnance command and received an order for 30 Woodruff guns at \$285 each. The city of Quincy, where the guns were manufactured, bought six Woodruffs of its own for local defense.

All of these guns were smooth-bore, though recent research indicates that a rifled version may have also been produced later. Historians believe the design of the Woodruffs made it hard to find compatible ammunition and that the range of the gun was limited in comparison to artillery of similar size. Others assert that the Woodruff was obsolete almost from the start.

Actual use of the Woodruffs was fairly limited and received mixed reviews. Some were used by the 4th Iowa Cavalry, whose regimental history degraded the Woodruffs as "no value, and were generally voted a nuisance. They were never known to hit anything, and never served any useful purpose, except in promoting the cheerfulness of the regiment." The 4th subsequently used the Woodruffs for a more morbid purpose – as a cart for hauling dead bodies.

Other Woodruffs were used by the 10th Illinois Cavalry, which also found them lacking. During a skirmish at Clark's Mills, Mo. in November 1862, a company of the regiment was captured, and part of the reason was allegedly inferior artillery. Eager to be rid of the Woodruffs, the 10th finally traded them to another unit.

At least four of the swapped Woodruffs became part of a battery at Pilot Knob, Missouri, 65 miles west of Cape Girardeau. There, the new owners were somewhat more impressed. One sergeant of the 3rd Missouri State Militia proclaimed that "nearly every man, commissioned officers and privates, could have hit a target the size of a man's body every shot at a quarter of a mile with those Woodruff guns."

There is no record of those Woodruffs being used during the ensuing battle of Pilot Knob on Sept. 26-27, 1864, and they fell into Confederate hands.

Some Woodruffs were also used by a detachment of Battery K of the 1st Illinois Light Artillery on the storied raid of Jacksonville Brig. Gen. Benjamin Grierson through Mississippi in the spring of 1863.

One writer says that in one engagement on the raid, the Confederates "may have underestimated the frightening effects of the two-pounder cannon."

But the same writer adds that "had the Second Alabama Cavalry moved their three guns into position," the "predicament" of one of Grierson's regiments, the 2nd Iowa Cavalry, "would have been grave indeed."

Today, only a handful of Woodruff guns remain. In addition to the one in White Hall, there are two in private hands, while two other Woodruffs are held in a museum at the United States Military Academy. There is also a Woodruff in Fort Madison, Iowa, while another is at Golden Hill State Park on Lake Ontario in western New York.

The story of the Woodruff gun, enhanced by a replica, is also interpreted at the Fort Davidson State Historic Site in Pilot Knob.

Jacksonville Journal Courier
Tom Emery is a freelance writer and historical researcher from Carlinville. He may be reached at 217-710-8392 or ilcivilwar@yahoo.com.